Financial Statements

Town of China, Maine

June 30, 2022

Contents

Town of China, Maine

June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Select Board Town of China China, Maine

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of China, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of China, Maine, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of China, Maine, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of China, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of China, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of China, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 4, the Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total MMEHT Plan OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 46, the Notes to the Schedule on page 47, the Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 48, the Schedule of Town Contributions on page 49, and the Notes to the Schedules on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of China, Maine's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Professional Association

Pendy Powers + Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Town of China, Maine

As management of the Town of China, Maine, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Town's assets exceeded liabilities in the Statement of Net Position by approximately \$9.5 million as of June 30, 2022 and \$8.7 million as of June 30, 2021.
- The Town's governmental funds General Fund Balance was \$3.5 million as of June 30, 2022, compared to \$2.4 million as of June 30, 2021.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The Town also includes in this report supplemental information to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present both a long-term and short-term view of the Town's finances. Financial reporting at this level is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position includes all assets (and deferred outflows) and liabilities (and deferred inflows), with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health requires other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, as well as many others.

The Statement of Activities reports the current year change in net position. This statement includes all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Governmental activities: Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including public
works, general administration, public safety and solid waste operations. Taxes, fees, fines, and state
and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Town of China, Maine

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Town's most significant funds rather than the Town as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The Town has the following fund types:

• Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund statements reporting short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Town of China, Maine

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

The following schedule is a summary of the statement of net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Gove	ernmental Acti	vitie	es
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		Change
Current and other assets	\$ 5,266,547	\$ 4,169,649	\$	1,096,898
Capital assets	 4,591,586	4,932,590		(341,004)
Total Assets	 9,858,133	9,102,239	_	755,894
Deferred outflows	 326,985	226,502		100,483
Total Deferred Outflows	 326,985	226,502		100,483
Long-term liabilities	278,941	483,076		(204,135)
Other liabilities	 14,467	98,974		(84,507)
Total Liabilities	 293,408	582,050		(288,642)
Deferred inflows	 385,631	13,784		371,847
Total Deferred Inflows	 385,631	13,784		371,847
Net investment in capital assets	4,591,586	4,932,590		(341,004)
Restricted	2,071,833	1,572,357		499,476
Unrestricted	 2,842,660	2,227,960		614,700
Net Position	\$ 9,506,079	\$ 8,732,907	\$	773,172

Town of China, Maine

The following schedule is a summary of the statement of activities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Governmental Activities								
		<u>2022</u>		Change					
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	264,315	\$	225,418	\$	38,897			
Operating grants and									
contributions		510,263		51,296		458,967			
General revenues									
Taxes		8,135,398		7,781,152		354,246			
Intergovernmental		1,076,504		837,806		238,698			
Investment		(130,783)		228,360		(359,143)			
All others		109,097		161,058		(51,961)			
Total Revenues		9,964,794		9,285,090		679,704			
Expenses:									
Administration		961,313		975,445		(14,132)			
Protection		256,784		279,436		(22,652)			
Public works		1,448,357		861,855		586,502			
Solid waste operations		591,567		611,711		(20,144)			
Community services		93,624		105,196		(11,572)			
Education		5,065,795		5,048,702		17,093			
Recreation		-		2,911		(2,911)			
County tax		489,534		472,622		16,912			
Economic development		138,233		94,671		43,562			
Capital outlay		146,415		79,257		67,158			
Total Expenses		9,191,622		8,531,806	_	659,816			
Change in Net Position	\$	773,172	\$	753,284	\$	19,888			

Within this budget, we encountered many increased costs due to the pandemic and shortages in goods, materials and a higher cost of services from vendors.

Town of China, Maine

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds - Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of China, Maine's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of China, Maine governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances at June 30, 2022 of \$5.1 million. Approximately 28% of this total constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

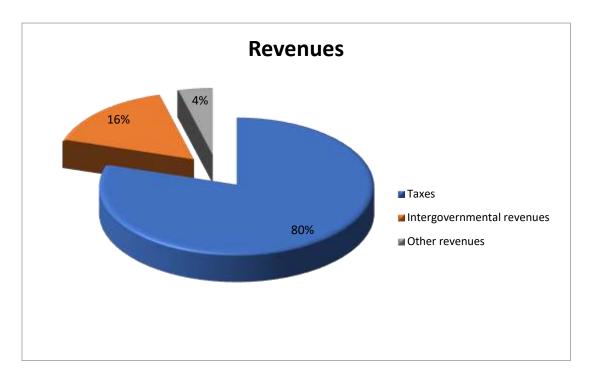
The Town has undertaken an approach to prepare for lean times. Our capital reserves, financial investments and the healthy undesignated fund balance show this commitment.

The general fund is the central operating fund of the Town of China, Maine. At the end of the current fiscal year the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,407,105. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

While remaining responsive and sensitive to the demands of the Town's residents, management continually provides a tempered approach to planned expenditures.

Town of China, Maine

The Town's general fund operating fund revenues were as follows:

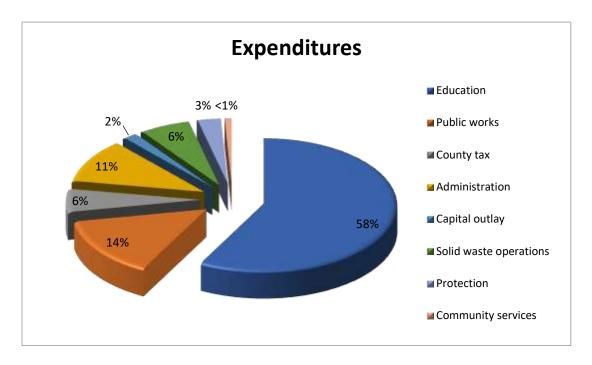


Taxes (real estate, personal property and motor vehicle excise taxes) continue to represent the largest source of revenue for the Town. While State revenue sharing is now at 5%, the responsibility of providing Town services, including the maintenance of local roads, falls almost entirely on the residents and businesses.

The Town maintains a relatively low mil rate and has strived to balance the need for additional demanded services with the resources provided through the various revenue sources in this chart.

Town of China, Maine

The Town's general fund operating fund expenditures were as follows:



Economic factors continue to increase costs throughout the municipal, RSU 18 and county budget.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's general fund is a healthy as best financial management practice has been observed by the Town's elected officials. Budgetary review is done periodically by the Town's Budget Committee and Select Board.

Capital Assets

At the end of the current fiscal year, The town realized significant balances in a broad range of reserve fund accounts including equipment, transfer station capital, fire department, rescue, and Thurston Park.

Long Term Liabilities

The Town has long term liabilities for accrued compensated balances and net pension liability associated with employees and benefits.

Town of China, Maine

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2021-2022 municipal budget and tax rates. The education and county budgets are, to a great extent outside of the local official's influence though have a propensity to impact the tax rate.

Municipal revenues have mostly been dependent on the property taxes and motor vehicle excise taxes. A broader base of revenues would serve the town positively if officials considered alternative sources.

The Town has continually been mindful of capital maintenance and improvement and has endeavored to support a capital improvement/replacement account in the fund balance and anticipates a substantial allocation to that account in the upcoming budget to remain current in the capital improvement/replacement cycles.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Office at 445-2014 and ask for the Town Manager. Citizens are welcomed to visit with the appropriate staff on any financial matters.

Statement of Net Position

Town of China, Maine

As of June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash		\$ 3,932,635
Investments		1,002,904
Accounts receivable		98,368
Taxes receivable		28,538
Tax liens receivable		117,083
Loan receivable		11,208
Prepaid expenses		48,532
Net pension asset		27,279
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,591,586
	Total Assets	9,858,133
Deferred Outflows		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		80,335
Deferred outflows related to pension		246,650
	Total Deferred Outflows	326,985
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		_
Prepaid taxes		14,467
Long-term liabilities:		,
Portion due or payable within one year:		
Accrued compensated absences		45,000
Portion due or payable after one year:		,
Accrued compensated absences		44,238
Net OPEB liability		189,703
,	Total Liabilities	293,408
Deferred Inflows		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		8,870
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension		376,761
Deferred inflows related to pension	Total Deferred Inflows	385,631
		<u> </u>
Net Position		4 #04 #05
Net investment in capital assets		4,591,586
Restricted		2,071,833
Unrestricted		2,842,660
	Net Position	\$ 9,506,079

Statement of Activities

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues				(Expense) Revenue and hanges in Net Position
Function/Programs]	Expenses	Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities:		•			_		
Administration	\$	961,313	\$	83,142	\$	454,887	\$ (423,284)
Protection		256,784		-		-	(256,784)
Public works		1,448,357		-		55,376	(1,392,981)
Transfer station		591,567		181,173		_	(410,394)
Community services		93,624		-		-	(93,624)
Education		5,065,795		-		-	(5,065,795)
County tax		489,534		-		-	(489,534)
Community development		138,233		-		-	(138,233)
Capital outlay - special projects		146,415		-	_		 (146,415)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,191,622	\$	264,315	\$	510,263	(8,417,044)
G	enera	l revenues:					
7	Γaxes						8,135,398
I	nterg	overnmental					1,076,504
N	Misce	llaneous					104,622
I	ntere	st income					10,425
	Chang	ge in investme	ent val	ue			(130,783)
Ι	Loss o	on disposal of	capita	l assets			 (5,950)
				Total G	Gen	eral Revenues	 9,190,216
				Chang	ge i	n Net Position	773,172
			Ne	t position at	be	ginning of year	 8,732,907
				Net Positio	n a	nt End of Year	\$ 9,506,079

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Town of China, Maine

As of June 30, 2022

			General		.L. Young	т	TF Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets		-	General		cholarship		II Tulid		Tunus	-	1 unus
Cash		\$	3,713,858	\$	218,777	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,932,635
Investments			-		1,002,904		-		-		1,002,904
Accounts receivable			98,368		-		-		-		98,368
Taxes receivable			28,538		-		-		-		28,538
Tax liens receivable			117,083		-		-		-		117,083
Loan receivable			-		-		11,208		-		11,208
Prepaid expenses			48,532		-		-		-		48,532
Due from other funds		_	10,500	_			258,911		132,505		401,916
	Total Assets	\$	4,016,879	\$	1,221,681	\$	270,119	\$	132,505	\$	5,641,184
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	s of										
Resources, and Fund Ba											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid taxes			14,467		-		-		-		14,467
Due to other funds			391,416		10,500			_			401,916
	Total Liabilities		405,883		10,500		-		-		416,383
Deferred Inflows of Resource	ces										
Unavailable revenue - pro			130,000		_		-		-		130,000
	iflows of Resources		130,000		-		-		-		130,000
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable											
Permanent funds Restricted			-		649,736		-		73,085		722,821
General fund			458,028		_		-		-		458,028
Permanent funds			-		561,445		-		51,332		612,777
Special revenue funds Assigned			-		-		270,119		8,088		278,207
General fund			1,615,863		-		-		-		1,615,863
Unassigned											
General fund			1,407,105		-		-		-		1,407,105
T	otal Fund Balances		3,480,996		1,211,181		270,119		132,505		5,094,801
Total I iabilitias	Deferred Inflows of										
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and Fund Balances	\$	4,016,879	\$	1,221,681	\$	270,119	\$	132,505	\$	5,641,184
icsources,	and I and Dalances	Ψ	1,010,077	Ψ	1,221,001	Ψ	210,117	Ψ_	102,000	Ψ	J,0 11,10T

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Town of China, Maine

As of June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 5,094,801
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation is:		4,591,586
Long-term assets are not available in the current period and therefore are not reported as such in the funds. Long-term assets at year-end consist of: Net pension asset		27,279
Property tax revenues are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds but in the Statement of Activities, property tax revenue is reported under the accrual method. The balance in unavailable revenue - property taxes in the governmental funds as a deferred inflow is:		130,000
The following deferred outflows below are not current assets or financial resources and the following deferred inflows are not current liabilities due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Balance Sheet:		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to pension	\$ 80,335 (8,870) 246,650 (376,761)	(59.646)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and related liabilities at year-end consist of:		(58,646)
Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB liability	 (89,238) (189,703)	 (278,941)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 9,506,079

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Other	Total	
		D.L. Young		Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Scholarship	TIF District	Funds	Funds	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 7,828,624	\$ -	\$ 330,774	\$ -	\$ 8,159,398	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,586,767	-	-	-	1,586,767	
Other revenues	406,082	43,895	648	2,287	452,912	
Total Revenues	9,821,473	43,895	331,422	2,287	10,199,077	
Expenditures						
Current						
Administration	944,790	-	-	3,989	948,779	
Protection	251,877	-	-	-	251,877	
Public works	1,255,842	-	-	-	1,255,842	
Transfer station	543,879	-	-	-	543,879	
Community services	74,528	19,096	-	-	93,624	
Education	5,065,795	-	-	-	5,065,795	
County tax	489,534	-	-	-	489,534	
Community development	-	-	138,423	-	138,423	
Capital outlay - special projects	146,415				146,415	
Total Expenditures	8,772,660	19,096	138,423	3,989	8,934,168	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,048,813	24,799	192,999	(1,702)	1,264,909	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	34,250	-	-	-	34,250	
Operating transfers out	-	-	(34,250)	-	(34,250)	
Change in investment value		(130,783)			(130,783)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	34,250	(130,783)	(34,250)		(130,783)	
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Uses	1,083,063	(105,984)	158,749	(1,702)	1,134,126	
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,397,933	1,317,165	111,370	134,207	3,960,675	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,480,996	\$ 1,211,181	\$ 270,119	\$ 132,505	\$ 5,094,801	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Town of China, Maine

As of June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Property tax revenues are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds but in the Statement of Activities, property tax revenue is reported under the accrual method. The current year change in unavailable revenue - property tax revenue reported in the governmental funds and not in the Statement of Activities is: (24,000) Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and capital asset additions were different in the current period: Capital asset additions S 91,397 Depreciation expense (261,504) Governmental funds report the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital asset sdiffered from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Loss on sale of capital assets (73,550) Loss on sale of capital assets (79,500) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities S 773,172	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,134,126
governmental funds but in the Statement of Activities, property tax revenue is reported under the accrual method. The current year change in unavailable revenue - property tax revenue reported in the governmental funds and not in the Statement of Activities is: (24,000) Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and capital asset additions were different in the current period: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Governmental funds report the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital assets differed from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds (73,550) Loss on sale of capital assets (79,500) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and capital asset additions were different in the current period: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense (261,504) Governmental funds report the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital assets differed from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Capital asset sale proceeds (73,550) Loss on sale of capital assets (5,950) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense 4,113 Adjustment to pension expense	governmental funds but in the Statement of Activities, property tax revenue is reported under the accrual method. The current year change in unavailable revenue - property tax		(24,000)
Depreciation expense (352,901) Governmental funds report the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital assets differed from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Loss on sale of capital assets (5,950) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences 4,113 Adjustment to OPEB (20,554) Adjustment to pension expense	Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and capital asset additions		
Governmental funds report the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital assets differed from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Capital assets ale proceeds Capital assets (73,550) (5,950) (79,500) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense 4,113 Adjustment to pension expense	•		
Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital assets differed from capital asset sale proceeds in the current period: Capital asset sale proceeds Loss on sale of capital assets (73,550) Loss on sale of capital assets (79,500) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense 4,113 4,050	Depreciation expense	(352,901)	(261,504)
Capital asset sale proceeds Loss on sale of capital assets (73,550) (5,950) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense (20,554) Adjustment to pension expense 4,113 4,050	Activities, the sale of those assets is recognized as a gain or loss, depending on the sale and accumulated depreciation amounts. This is the amount by which the loss on sale of capital		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense (20,554) Adjustment to pension expense 4,113 (20,554) 4,050	• • •	(73,550)	
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in accrued compensated absences Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense 20,491 4,050	Loss on sale of capital assets	(5,950)	(79,500)
Adjustment to OPEB Adjustment to pension expense (20,554) 20,491 4,050	·		
Adjustment to pension expense 20,491 4,050		,	
4,050	· ·		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 773,172	respondence pension expense	20,171	4,050
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 773,172

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Actual	Variance		
	Budgeted Amounts					(Budgetary		Positive	
		Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	7,765,672	\$	7,765,672	\$	8,159,399	\$	393,727	
Intergovernmental revenues		952,542		952,542		1,586,768		634,226	
Other revenues		240,471		240,471		388,089		147,618	
Total Revenues		8,958,685		8,958,685		10,134,256		1,175,571	
Expenditures									
Current									
Administration		1,072,268		1,072,268		962,129		110,139	
Protection		251,387		251,387		212,756		38,631	
Public works		1,456,692		1,456,692		1,368,843		87,849	
Solid waste operations		573,005		573,005		543,879		29,126	
Community services		85,790		85,790		75,528		10,262	
Education		5,065,795		5,065,795		5,065,795		-	
County tax		489,534		489,534		489,534		-	
Capital outlay - special projects		520,150		520,150		221,837		298,313	
Total Expenditures	_	9,514,621		9,514,621		8,940,301		574,320	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(555,936)		(555,936)		1,193,955		1,749,891	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Operating transfers in		265,000		265,000		34,250		(230,750)	
Operating transfers out		-		-		(330,774)		(330,774)	
Utilization of unassigned fund balance		116,180		116,180		-		(116,180)	
Utilization of assigned fund balance		216,178		216,178				(216,178)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	597,358		597,358		(296,524)	-	(893,882)	
Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	41,422	\$	41,422		897,431	\$	856,009	
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year						1,517,050			
Budgetary Fund Balance at End of Year					<u>\$</u>	2,414,481			

Notes to Financial Statements

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of China, Maine operates under a Select Board - Town Manager form of government. The accounting policies of the Town of China, Maine, conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Town applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity

The basic financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in GAAP include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Town holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Town is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town of China has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities report information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services for support. Currently, the Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements - Continued

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

Governmental Activities

Governmental funds are identified as either general, special revenue, capital projects, or permanent funds based upon the following guidelines.

The *General Fund* is the operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Permanent Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the organization as stipulated by the specific trust instrument.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Modified Accrual

Governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt is recognized when due.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments.

Investments

The Town follows GASBS No. 31, Accounting and Reporting of Certain Investments and External Investment Pools. Under GASBS No. 31, certain investments held by governments are reported at their fair value in the balance sheet. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$3,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows: land improvements, 15 to 20 years; buildings and improvements, 20 to 50 years; infrastructure, 5 to 60 years; and vehicles and equipment, 3 to 25 years.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Vacation and Sick Leave

Under the terms of personnel policies, vacation leave is granted in varying amounts according to length of service. Sick leave is granted in equal amounts to all employees. In some cases, employees are entitled to payment for unused vacation upon termination or retirement.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Budget

The Town of China's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Early in the second half of the last fiscal year the Town prepared a budget for this fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A vote of the inhabitants of the Town was then taken for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the vote was given.
- The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.

The Town does not adopt budgets for special revenue funds, except for the Tax Increment Financing District.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund loan receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation in the government-wide presentation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related costs as a reimbursement. Since not all funds maintain a separate cash account, cash is pooled in the General Fund cash account and activity for individual funds are recorded through the General Fund and each respective individual fund through the recognition of a "due to/due from" as appropriate. The due to/from other funds balances are subject to elimination upon consolidation in the government-wide presentation. All interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Long-Term Obligations - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until that time. The Town has two items that that meets this criterion: 1) the deferred other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and 2) deferred pensions. Both items are reported in the statement of financial position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of items: 1) unavailable revenue, which results from property taxes, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category and is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and 2) deferred inflows related to both the OPEB liability and pension liability which are reported in the statement of net position.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied August 16, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2021, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due September 30, 2021 and April 1, 2022. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 1, 2021 and April 2, 2022, at 6% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as unavailable revenue from property taxes.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$41,422 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Continued

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the Town's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust, an agent single-employer defined benefit postretirement healthcare plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note I and the required supplementary information beginning on page 48), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the Town recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the Town's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial report provided by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS). The net pension liability is measured as of the Town's prior fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidation Plan and additions to/deductions from PLD Consolidation Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidation Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Town of China, Maine

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Pensions - Continued

Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred. Each subsequent year will incorporate an additional closed basis five-year period of recognition.

Government-wide Fund Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

Net investment in capital assets - consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.

Restricted net position - consist of net asset position that is restricted by the Town's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.

Unrestricted - All other net asset positions are reported in this category.

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned - resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the Select Board or a body or official to which the Select Board has designated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories.

Use of Restricted Resources

The Town has no formal fund balance policy. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Town of China, Maine

Note B - Cash and Investments

The Town conducts all its banking and investment transactions with depository banks and investment firms.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$3,932,635 and the bank balance was \$4,114,441. The difference between these balances relates to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy on custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, none of the Town's bank balance of \$4,114,441 was exposed to credit risk.

Investments

Maine statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, certain corporate stocks, bonds and mutual funds.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have an investment policy on interest rate risk. At June 30, 2022, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

			Maturity								
				Not Less than 1					M	ore than	
Investment Types	Fa	air Value	<u>A</u> j	<u>pplicable</u>		<u>Year</u>	<u>1</u>	-5 years	<u> </u>	5 years	
Equities	\$	507,745	\$	507,745	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fixed income		482,962		18,411		-		353,189		111,362	
Commodities		12,197		12,197		_					
	\$	1,002,904	\$	538,353	\$		\$	353,189	\$	111,362	

Town of China, Maine

Note B - Cash and Investments - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have an investment policy on custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the Town had the following credit quality distribution in debt securities:

Standard & Poor's Rating	<u>Fa</u>	ir Value
AAA	\$	72,659
AA-		18,411
A+		127,992
A-		40,059
BBB+		65,039
BBB-		51,604
N/A		107,198
Total debt securities	\$	482,962

Town of China, Maine

Note C - Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

Beginning							Ending	
Governmental Activities:		Balance	<u> </u>	<u>Additions</u>	Re	tirements		Balance
Non-Depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	424,207	\$	-	\$	79,500	\$	344,707
Construction in progress		37,841		-		37,841		-
Depreciable Assets:								
Buildings		1,499,130		16,465		-		1,515,595
Equipment		1,430,258		29,490		74,641		1,385,107
Improvements		366,044		-		-		366,044
Land improvements		3,603,025		83,283		-		3,686,308
Vehicles		1,355,558						1,355,558
Totals at historical cost		8,716,063		129,238		191,982		8,653,319
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		848,573		31,609		-		880,182
Equipment		1,020,527		64,312		74,641		1,010,198
Improvements		185,328		22,830		-		208,158
Land improvements		810,581		145,531		-		956,112
Vehicles	_	918,464		88,619				1,007,083
Total accumulated depreciation		3,783,473	_	352,901		74,641	_	4,061,733
Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,932,590	\$	(223,663)	\$	117,341	\$	4,591,586

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental Activities:

Administration	\$ 28,435
Protection	26,497
Public works	212,209
Transfer station	51,700
Community development	 34,060
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 352,901

Town of China, Maine

Note D - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:	Due fro	<u>om</u>	Due to	
General Fund:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Major Special Revenue Fund: TIF Fund	\$	- \$	(258,911)	
Non-major Special Revenue Funds		-	(8,088)	
Permanent Funds:				
Major Permanent Fund: D.L. Young Scholar	ship 1	0,500	-	
Non-major Permanent Funds			(124,417)	
	1	0,500	(391,416) \$	(380,916)
Major Special Revenue Fund:				
General Fund	25	<u>8,911</u>	<u>-</u>	
	25	8,911	-	258,911
Non-major Special Revenue Fund:				
General Fund		8,088		
	;	8,088	-	8,088
Major Permanent Fund: D.L. Young Scholarship				
General Fund			(10,500)	
		-	(10,500)	(10,500)
Non-major Permanent Funds:				104 41-
General Fund		4,417	(401.016)	124,417
Net Governmental A	cuvities <u>\$ 40</u>	<u>1,916</u> \$	(401,916)	<u> - </u>

All interfund balances resulted from (1) the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Town of China, Maine

Note E - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following amounts:

Governmental Activities:	Tran	sfers in	Trai	nsfers out	
General Fund:					
Major Special Revenue Fund - TIF Fund	\$	34,250	\$		
		34,250			\$ 34,250
Major Special Revenue Fund - TIF Fund:					
General Fund		-		(34,250)	
		-		(34,250)	(34,250)
Net Governmental Activities	\$	34,250	<u>\$</u>	(34,250)	\$

Transfers are used to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note F - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

										Amounts
Governmental	В	eginning					E	Ending		Due within
Activities:	E	Balance	Ac	dditions	Ret	tirements	<u>B</u>	<u>salance</u>		One Year
Net OPEB liability	\$	171,514	\$	18,189	\$	-	\$	189,703	\$	-
Net pension (asset)										
liability		262,211		-		289,490		(27,279)		-
Compensated										
absences		93,351		49,215		53,328		89,238	_	45,000
Total Governmental	\$	527,076	\$	67,404	\$	342,818	\$	251,662	\$	45,000

Town of China, Maine

Note G - Joint Venture (Interlocal Solid Waste Agreement)

The Town is a member of an interlocal solid waste agreement with 115 other participating municipalities. The Municipal Review Committee, Inc. (MRC) is a quasi-municipal non-profit, non-capital stock corporation established to own and operate a solid waste system to service its member municipalities. China joined MRC in 1991 and signed an agreement in the Spring of 2018 to stay in the joint venture until April 2033. MRC's Board of Directors annually considers distributing cash in excess of Board designated reserves back to the member municipalities. China's pro rata share determined by the amount of solid waste delivered to the plant in the past year did not result in a receipt for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's proportionate interest in the net assets of MRC on December 31, 2020 the date of MRC's most recent audited financial statements, was approximately \$150,000 (1.70%). Complete financial statements may be obtained from MRC at 395 State Street, Ellsworth, Maine 04605.

Note H - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

Group Health Insurance Plan - Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT Plan)

Plan Description

Eligible Town employees are provided with health and life insurance through Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT Plan). The MMEHT Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The Town's Select Board has authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. Employees are eligible if over the age of 55 with at least five years of service at retirement.

Benefits Provided

The MMEHT Plan provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The retiree pays 100% of insurance premiums for single and family coverage. For employees eligible for Medicare, Medicare Parts A and B are primary coverage and the MMEHT Plan will determine a family member's benefit allowance based on applicable Medicare statutes and regulations.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the MMEHT Plan benefit terms:

Inactive employees (or beneficiaries) currently receiving benefit payments	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	16
	18

Contributions

The Town's contributions are determined by a rate set out by MMEHT. Contributions from the Town for the MMEHT Plan year ended December 31, 2022 were \$3,061. Employees are covered 100%. Employees are required to contribute 15% for a spouse/family plan if the employee is working over 30 hours. Employees who do not work over 30 hours are required to contribute 100% for a spouse/family.

Town of China, Maine

Note H - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

<u>Group Health Insurance Plan - Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT Plan) - Continued</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported an OPEB liability of \$189,703. The OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in Total MMEHT OPEB liability during the year are as follows:

	Total N	MMEHT Plan
	<u>OPE</u>	B Liability
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	171,514
Changes for the year:		
Service costs		6,111
Interest		3,733
Changes of benefits		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(5,716)
Changes of assumptions		17,122
Benefit payments		(3,061)
Net changes		18,189
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	189,703

The change in assumptions reflects a change in the discount rate from 2.12% in 2021 to 2.06% in 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$23,615 related to the MMEHT Plan. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows of	Det	ferred Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	37,682	\$	5,081
Changes in assumptions		42,653		3,789
Total	\$	80,335	\$	8,870

Town of China, Maine

Note H - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

<u>Group Health Insurance Plan - Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT Plan) - Continued</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ 13,771
2024	13,771
2025	13,771
2026	12,083
2027	13,033
Thereafter	 5,036
Total	\$ 71,465

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation for the MMEHT Plan was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.06%
Salary increases	2.75%, average, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates (applied with a grading	over 14 years to 4.00% per annum)
Pre-Medicare Medical	6.25%
Pre-Medicare Drug	13.10%
Medicare Medical	5.00%
Medicare Drug	9.90%
Administrative and claims expense	3.00%

Mortality rates for the MMEHT Plan were based on the RP-2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation for the MMEHT Plan were based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering the period June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020.

Town of China, Maine

Note H - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

<u>Group Health Insurance Plan - Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT Plan) - Continued</u>

Sensitivity of the Total MMEHT Plan OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
The following presents the Town's total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what the Town's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.06%) or 1% higher (3.06%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	C	Current Discount	1% Increase
	<u>(</u>	1.06%)		Rate (2.06%)	(3.06%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	218,044	\$	189,703	\$ 166,298

Sensitivity of the Total MMEHT Plan OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates The following presents the Town's total OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare					
	1%	Decrease		Trend Rates		1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	165,119	\$	189,703	\$	220,273

Note I - Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Town provides pension benefits to eligible employees through cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans (pension plans) administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS) and is part of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidation Plan. Permanent Town employees working full time are included in the pension plan. MainePERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained on the MainePERS website. There are currently nine active participants from the Town.

Benefits Provided

MainePERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits are vested after five years of services. Employees who retire at or after age sixty or sixty-five (depending on their normal retirement age) with one year of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to two percent of the average of their highest three years earnings per year of service. Cost of living increases are available for services rendered after July 1, 2008. The maximum annual increase is 3%.

Town of China, Maine

Note I - Pension Plan - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued

Disability benefits may be available if an employee participating in the plan becomes mentally or physically disabled while in MainePERS-covered service and is permanently unable to perform the duties of his/her position. The amount of the disability benefit is either 66 2/3% or 59% of the average final compensation, depending on the date the employee was hired.

Ordinary death benefits are available if death occurs before retirement. Beneficiaries can receive either a lump-sum refund of the employee's contributions and interest or a monthly benefit. If death occurs as a result of an injury while working or while the employee is working, accidental death benefits are also available.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are set by the MainePERS Board of Trustees. Participants were required to contribute 7.8% of their annual gross salary to the plan and the Town is required to contribute 10.3% for the year ended June 30, 2022. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$62,585 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported an asset of \$27,279 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.084886% which was an increase of 0.065996% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Town of China, Maine

Note I - Pension Plan - Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$46,014. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred Outflows	Deferre	d Inflows
		of Resources	of Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,646	\$	1,854
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		371,825
Changes of assumptions		91,601		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		74,818		3,082
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		62,585		
	\$	246,650	\$	376,761

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources represents the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

Of the amount reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$62,585 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 8,223
2023	(12,955)
2024	(84,641)
2025	(103,323)

Town of China, Maine

Note I - Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>2021</u>
Inflation	2.75%
	2.75% plus merit component based on
Salary increases	employee's years of service
Investment rate of return	6.50%
COLA	1.91%

Mortality rates were based on the sex distinct 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Public equity	30%	6.0%
Private equity	15%	7.6%
Traditional credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative credit	7.5%	7.2%
Real estate	10%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10%	5.3%
Natural resources	5%	5.0%
U.S. Government	7.5%	2.3%
Risk Diversifiers	<u>7.5%</u>	5.9%
	<u>100%</u>	

Town of China, Maine

Note I - Pension Plan - Continued

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from Towns will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.5%) or one percentage point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase
		(5.5%)		(6.5%)	<u>(7.5%)</u>
Town's proportionate share of the					
net pension (asset) liability	\$	388,198	\$	(27,279) 3	\$ (370,933)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MainePERS financial statements. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan.

Note J - Deferred Compensation Plan

For employees who do not qualify for the PLD Consolidation Plan through MainePERS, the Town offers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code section 457. The plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan offers a matching contribution equal to the greater of the MainePERS contribution for the PLD Consolidation Plan (10.3% for the year ended June 30, 2021) or 7.6%.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants. All assets are protected from any claims on the Town and from any use by the Town other than paying benefits to employees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the plans.

Town of China, Maine

Note J - Deferred Compensation Plan - Continued

The Town's contribution to the retirement plan was \$13,040 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note K - Tax Increment Financing District

Under Maine law, the Town has established a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District to finance a development program to improve China Lake access at the China Causeway and the South China Boat landings to enhance tourism, boating, fishing and foster new business development in the area; to help create interest in a commercial venture at the Lakeview/Town property district to promote a water quality or similar activity; and, to provide funds for a variety of town wide economic development activities.

The acquisitions and improvements made by the Development Program will result in additional investment, creating additional tax base within the Town.

The fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 is the sixth year tax revenues were retained and made available for the project. The amount of captured tax increment revenues was \$330,774. The TIF Program also contains a Revolving Loan Fund. At June 30, 2022, the balance due to the Town related to this Fund was \$11,206. It will be paid back to the Town in monthly installments of \$472 at 5% interest through June 2025.

Note L - Commitment

The Town entered into a five year contract for Waste Management. For the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 the Town shall pay \$73 per ton of demolition/bulky debris removal and beginning January 1, 2023, the charges will be increased annually by 4%. The Town spent approximately \$59,000 during the year ended June 30, 2022 on similar services.

The Town entered into a two year mowing contract for the period July 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023. The town shall pay \$31,483 and \$15,742 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2023, respectively.

Note M - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town either carries commercial insurance, or is effectively self-insured. Currently, the Town carries commercial insurance for any risks of loss to which it may be exposed.

Based on the coverage provided by commercial insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded at June 30, 2022.

Town of China, Maine

Note N - Budget to Actual Reconciliation

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles follows:

Budgetary Basis: Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	897,431
Sources/inflows of resources reconciling items:		
The Town budgets property taxes on a gross basis but a portion of the property taxes levied are recognized in special revenue funds under generally accepted accounting principles.		(330,774)
Interest income allocated to assigned balances not included in general fund operating budget		4,490
Miscellaneous income allocated to assigned balances not included in general fund operating budget		13,503
Uses/outflows of resources reconciling items:		
The Town does not budget to use assigned fund balance amounts which have been expended during the current year (See Note O): Reserve expenditures		(26,277)
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes		524,690
Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Basis: Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$</u>	1,083,063

Town of China, Maine

Note O - Fund Balances

At June 30, 2022, the nonspendable fund balance consisted of the following:

	Pe	Permanent		
		Funds		
Dinsmore Assistance	\$	500		
Cemetery Care		72,585		
D.L. Young Scholarship		649,736		
	<u>\$</u>	722,821		

At June 30, 2022, the restricted fund balance consisted of the following:

	General		ermanent		Special
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>	<u>R</u>	evenues
Holiday Giving	\$ 10,914	\$	-	\$	-
China Middle School					
Heritage Tour	1,782		-		-
ARPA Funds	443,582		-		-
Window Dressers Grant	1,750		-		-
Dinsmore Assistance	-		262		-
Cemetery Care	-		51,070		-
D.L. Young Scholarship	-		561,445		-
CMP/China Lake TIF	-		-		270,119
Fuel Assistance Fund	 	_			8,088
	\$ 458,028	\$	612,777	\$	278,207

Town of China, Maine

Note O - Fund Balances - Continued

At June 30, 2022, the assigned general fund balance consisted of the following:

<u>Carryforwards:</u>	alance at /1/2021	<u>Ap</u>	propriated	<u>1</u>	Additions	<u>R</u>	eductions	lance at 0/2022
Administration:								
Travel/training	\$ 1,500	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,500	\$ -
Town office cameras	3,000		-		-		3,000	-
Land proceeds	-		-		60,300		-	60,300
Code enforcement	-		10,000		-		-	10,000
Town office maintenance	-		4,500		-		-	4,500
Protection:								
Emergency services supplies	5,000		-		-		-	5,000
Police services	5,000		-		-		-	5,000
Police wages	1,000		-		-		1,000	-
Police vehicle maintenance	1,100		-		-		1,100	-
KSO officer	-		1,900		-		-	1,900
Public works:								
State revenue sharing	327,089		(689,241)		666,607		-	304,455
Road assistance	316		-		-		-	316
Cemeteries purchase	12,924		-		13,550		-	26,474
Public works training	8,000		-		-		-	8,000
Facility maintenance	-		2,500		-		-	2,500
Contractor labor	-		4,500		-		-	4,500
Transfer station:								
Bulk storage tank	11,461		-		-		-	11,461
Transfer station furnace	2,700		-		-		-	2,700
Transfer station cameras	1,750		-		-		1,750	-
Maintenance staff	-		13,712		-		-	13,712

Town of China, Maine

Note O - Fund Balances - Continued

	Balance at				Balance at
	7/1/2021	<u>Appropriated</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	6/30/2022
Special projects:					
Revaluation	20,530	45,000	-	-	65,530
Project learning tree	6,489	(6,489)	-	-	-
Land purchases	1,358	-	-	1,358	-
Emergency shelter septic and					
well	21,474	-	-	21,474	-
Architect for Town Office					
addition		23,000			23,000
Total carryforwards	430,691	(590,618)	740,457	31,182	549,348
Other Reserves:					
Administration:					
Recreation reserve	21,698	-	102	-	21,800
Legal reserve	2,969	-	14	-	2,983
Planning board	8,179	-	35	1,390	6,824
Accrued compensation reserve	22,041	4,729	115	-	26,885
Unemployment claims	7,717	7,230	53	-	15,000
Town office capital reserve	20,100	15,000	130	-	35,230
Protection:					
China Village Volunteer FD	321	(321)	-	-	-
Fire Department reserve	112,687	_	524	3,297	109,914
Weeks Mills FD building	13,655	(13,655)	-	-	-
Rescue reserve	44,512	2,099	164	21,590	25,185
Dispatching	63,926	_	302	-	64,228
PSAP e911	18,367		87	-	18,454
South China VFD	5,655		-	-	-

Town of China, Maine

Note O - Fund Balances - Continued

	Balance at]	Balance at
	7/1/2021	<u>Appropriated</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	6/30/2022
Public works:					
Equipment reserve	174,725	95,000	14,330	-	284,055
Sand/salt shed	23,326	-	110	-	23,436
Road expense reserve	20,100	10,000	119	-	30,219
Sand/salt reserve	15,075	16,000	109	-	31,184
Facility maintenance reserve	25,125	-	119	-	25,244
Fuel reserve	5,025	-	24	-	5,049
Public works training reserve	-	2,000	5	-	2,005
Transfer station:					
Compactor reserve	32,942	-	155	-	33,097
Transfer station capital reserve	50,250	50,000	355	-	100,605
Community services:					
Historical building maintenance					
reserve	9,000	1,000	45	-	10,045
Special projects:					
Boat launch reserve	1,758	-	8	-	1,766
Growth management reserve	9,688	-	46	-	9,734
Lake access	129,300	-	610	-	129,910
Community days	15,539	-	327	-	15,866
2018 Bi-centennial	10,077	-	-	-	10,077
Forest at China schools	8,040	6,489	53	-	14,582
Thurston Park reserve	9,086	-	43	-	9,129
Aeriel Photos reserve		4,000	9		4,009
Total other reserves	880,883	193,916	17,993	26,277	1,066,515
	\$ 1,311,574	\$ (396,702)	<u>\$ 758,450</u>	\$ 57,459 \$	1,615,863

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (1 of 4) Budget and Actual - General Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Actual	Variance		
	Budgeted Amounts					Budgetary	Positive		
		Original		Final		Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	6,749,172	\$	6,749,172	\$	7,108,601	\$	359,429	
Excise taxes		984,000		984,000		1,025,607		41,607	
Interest and costs on taxes		32,500		32,500		25,191		(7,309)	
Total Taxes		7,765,672		7,765,672		8,159,399		393,727	
Intergovernmental:									
State revenue sharing		500,000		500,000		666,607		166,607	
Road assistance		48,000		48,000		55,376		7,376	
Homestead reimbursement		322,781		322,781		322,781		-	
Tax reimbursements and relief		78,761		78,761		83,215		4,454	
General assistance		3,000		3,000		792		(2,208)	
Snowmobile funding		-		-		1,110		1,110	
Miscellaneous grants		-		-		2,000		2,000	
ARPA funding				-		454,887		454,887	
Total Intergovernmental	_	952,542		952,542		1,586,768		634,226	
Other Revenues:									
Interest on investments		25,000		25,000		10,425		(14,575)	
Permits and fees		64,000		64,000		83,142		19,142	
Miscellaneous revenues		25,471		25,471		113,349		87,878	
Solid waste revenues		126,000		126,000		181,173		55,173	
Total Other Revenues	_	240,471	_	240,471		388,089		147,618	
Total Revenues		8,958,685		8,958,685		10,134,256		1,175,571	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (2 of 4) Budget and Actual - General Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Actual	Variance			
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	(]	Budgetary	Positive			
•		Original		Final		Basis)	(1)	Negative)		
Expenditures										
Administration:										
Administrative payroll costs	\$	614,437	\$	614,437	\$	577,708	\$	36,729		
Administrative expenses		184,600		184,600		157,890		26,710		
Boards and committees		84,275		84,275		61,077		23,198		
Association dues		12,351		12,351		12,351		-		
Assessing		146,605		146,605		124,313		22,292		
Legal services		30,000		30,000		28,790		1,210		
Total Administration		1,072,268		1,072,268		962,129		110,139		
Protection:										
Volunteer fire and rescue		29,250		29,250		29,250		-		
Animal control		16,530		16,530		15,343		1,187		
Fire departments		66,530		66,530		46,899		19,631		
China rescue squad		15,500		15,500		15,500		-		
Police		74,060		74,060		72,862		1,198		
Dispatching		31,000		31,000		28,012		2,988		
Emergency services insurance		18,517		18,517		4,890		13,627		
Total Protection		251,387		251,387		212,756		38,631		
Public Works:										
Road maintenance		1,423,692		1,423,692		1,335,340		88,352		
Cemeteries		33,000		33,000		33,503		(503)		
Total Public Works		1,456,692		1,456,692		1,368,843		87,849		
Transfer Station		573,005		573,005		543,879		29,126		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (3 of 4) Budget and Actual - General Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Budgetary	Variance Positive
	(Original		Final		Basis)	 (Negative)
Expenditures - continued							
Community Services:							
General assistance	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$	6,582	\$ 9,418
Social service agencies		10,540		10,540		10,040	500
China Historical Society		4,000		4,000		3,656	344
South China Library		4,500		4,500		4,500	-
Albert Church Brown Library		4,500		4,500		4,500	-
Town Line		3,000		3,000		3,000	-
CRLA		42,250		42,250		42,250	-
Memorial Day/Veteran's markers		1,000		1,000		1,000	
Total Community Services		85,790		85,790		75,528	10,262
Total Education		5,065,795		5,065,795		5,065,795	-
Total County Tax		489,534		489,534		489,534	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (4 of 4) Budget and Actual - General Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)			Variance Positive Negative)
Expenditures - continued		911811111				20010)		11.08
Special Projects:								
Equipment replacement	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	66,750	\$	18,250
FirstPark	Ψ	26,471	Ψ	26,471	Ψ	25,471	Ψ	1,000
Contingency		123,679		123,679		64,061		59,618
China Lake Outlet Dam		20,000		20,000		20,000		-
ARPA funding		20,000		20,000		11,305		(11,305)
Community Development (TIF)		265,000		265,000		34,250		230,750
Total Special Projects		520,150		520,150		221,837		298,313
	_		_				_	
Total Expenditures	_	9,514,621	_	9,514,621		8,940,301		574,320
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(555,936)		(555,936)		1,193,955		1,749,891
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers in		265,000		265,000		34,250		(230,750)
Operating transfers out		-		-		(330,774)		(330,774)
Utilization of unassigned fund balance		116,180		116,180		-		(116,180)
Utilization of assigned fund balance		216,178		216,178		_		(216,178)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		597,358		597,358		(296,524)		(893,882)
Revenues and Other Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	41,422	\$	41,422		897,431	\$	856,009
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of ye	ar					1,517,050		
Budgetary Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	2,414,481		

Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds

Town of China, Maine

As of June 30, 2022

		on-major ermanent Funds		on-major Special Revenue	Gov	Total Other vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-
Due from other funds		124,417		8,088		132,505
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	124,417	<u>\$</u>	8,088	<u>\$</u>	132,505
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities						
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		73,085		-		73,085
Restricted		51,332		8,088		59,420
Total Fund Balances		124,417		8,088		132,505
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	124,417	\$	8,088	\$	132,505

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Special Revenue Fund

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Fuel Assistance Reserve			
Revenues					
Property taxes		\$	-		
Interest			6		
Other income			1,600		
	Total Revenues		1,606		
Expenditures					
Current					
Other expenditures			3,989		
	Total Expenditures		3,989		
	Revenues Under Expenditures		(2,383)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in			-		
Operating transfers out					
	Total Other Sources				
	Revenues and Other Sources Under				
	Expenditures and Other Uses		(2,383)		
Fund balances at beginning of year			10,471		
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	8,088		

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Permanent Funds - Trust Funds

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Dins:		С	emetery Care	<u>T</u>	otal
Revenues						
Principal additions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investment income		1		680		681
Total Revenues		1		680		681
Expenses						
Miscellaneous		_				
Total Expenses			_			
Revenues Over Expenses		1		680		681
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers out		_				_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		-		_
Revenues and Other Sources Over						
Expenses and Other Uses		1		680		681
Fund balances at beginning of year		761		122,975	1	23,736
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	762	\$	123,655	<u>\$ 1</u>	24,417

Schedule of Valuation, Assessment and Collection of Taxes

Town of China, Maine

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Valuation Real estate Personal property		\$ 483,897,200 8,311,100
Total Valuation	\$ 492,208,300	
Assessment Valuation x Rate - \$492,208,300 x 0.014400 Supplemental taxes Total Assessment Charged to Collector	\$ 7,087,800 3,181	\$ 7,090,981
Collections and Credits Cash collections Tax abatements and adjustments	\$ 7,001,033 6,421	7,007,454
Total Collections and Credits		 7,007,454
2022 Taxes and Liens Receivable - June 30, 2022		\$ 83,527

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total MMEHT Plan OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Town of China, Maine

Last ten fiscal years*

		06/30/22		06/30/21		06/30/20		06/30/19	06/30/18		
Total OPEB Liability:											
Service costs	\$	6,111	\$	5,269	\$	3,692	\$	4,132	\$	3,308	
Interest		3,733		4,350		2,913		2,495		2,002	
Changes of benefits		-		-		(3,186)		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(5,716)		-		56,712		-		5,962	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		17,122		9,870		27,530		(7,577)		7,534	
Benefit payments		(3,061)		(2,943)	_	(103)		(99)		-	
Net change in total OPEB liability		18,189		16,546		87,558		(1,049)		18,806	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		171,514		154,968		67,410		68,459		49,653	
Total OPEB liability, end of year	<u>\$</u>	189,703	\$	171,514	\$	154,968	\$	67,410	\$	68,459	
Covered employee payroll	\$	686,844	\$	411,003	\$	392,591	\$	392,591	\$	392,591	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payrol	l	27.62%		41.73%		39.47%		17.17%		17.44%	

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of January 1 of the current fiscal year. The first year of implementation was June 30, 2018. Therefore, only five years are shown. A full ten year schedule will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to the Required Supplemental Information

Town of China, Maine

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total MMEHT Plan OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

There were no changes to benefit terms aside from changes in claims costs and contributions which will reflect market changes in healthcare costs during the year ended June 30, 2022.

There were no changes in the size of the population during the year ended June 30, 2022.

There was a change in the discount rate from 2.12% to 2.06% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. In addition, medical and prescription drug trend arrays were updated.

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Town of China, Maine

Last ten fiscal years*

	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0849%	0.0660%	0.0383%	0.0425%	0.0397%	0.0388%	0.0393%	0.0525%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ (27,279)</u>	\$ 262,211	<u>\$ 117,139</u>	<u>\$ 116,195</u>	\$ 162,489	\$ 206,342	\$ 125,468	\$ 80,771
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 572,965	\$ 385,655	\$ 231,034	\$ 292,199	\$ 226,194	\$ 204,755	\$ 202,956	\$ 261,056
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	(4.761%)	67.991%	50.702%	39.766%	71.836%	100.775%	61.820%	30.940%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the the total pension liability	118.600%	88.300%	90.600%	91.100%	86.400%	81.600%	88.300%	94.100%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. The first year of implementation was June 30, 2015. Therefore, only eight years are shown.

Schedule of Town Contributions

Town of China, Maine

Last ten fiscal years*

	6/	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		30/2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	58,076	\$	42,630	\$	23,443	\$	23,569	\$	20,341	\$	18,223	\$	16,075	\$	18,196
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	58,076	_	42,630		23,443		23,569		20,341		18,223	_	16,075		18,196
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Town's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$</u>	572,965	<u>\$</u>	385,655	\$	231,034	\$	292,199	\$	226,194	\$	204,755	<u>\$</u>	202,956	\$	261,056
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.136%		11.054%		10.147%		8.066%		8.993%		8.900%		7.920%		6.970%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. The first year of implementation was June 30, 2015. Therefore, only eight years are shown.

Notes to the Required Supplemental Information

Town of China, Maine

Notes to the Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Town Contributions

The information presented in the Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Town Contributions was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated.

The information presented relates solely to the Town of China and not to the System as a whole.